ATHENa – Automated Tool for Hardware EvaluatioN:

Toward Fair and Comprehensive Benchmarking of Cryptographic Hardware using FPGAs



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Modern Benchmarking: Natural Progression of Tools

ASICs Software FPGAs XXILINX. **eBACS** D. Bernstein, T. Lange

ATHENa – Automated Tool for Hardware EvaluatioN

http://cryptography.gmu.edu/athena



Set of scripts written in Perl aimed at an AUTOMATED generation of OPTIMIZED results for MULTIPLE hardware platforms

Currently under development at George Mason University.

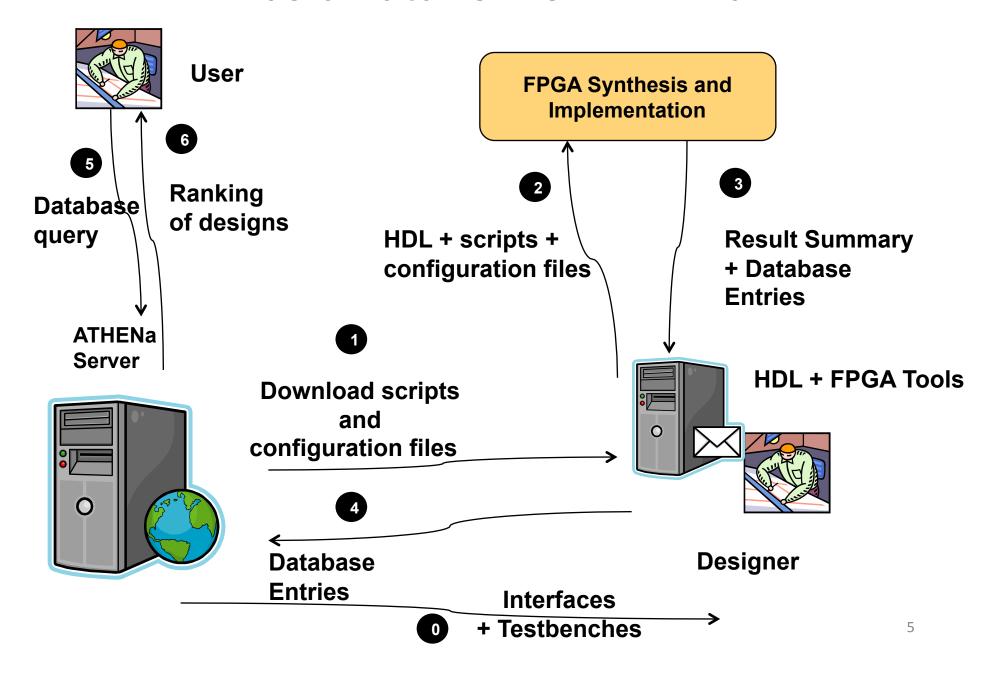
Why Athena?

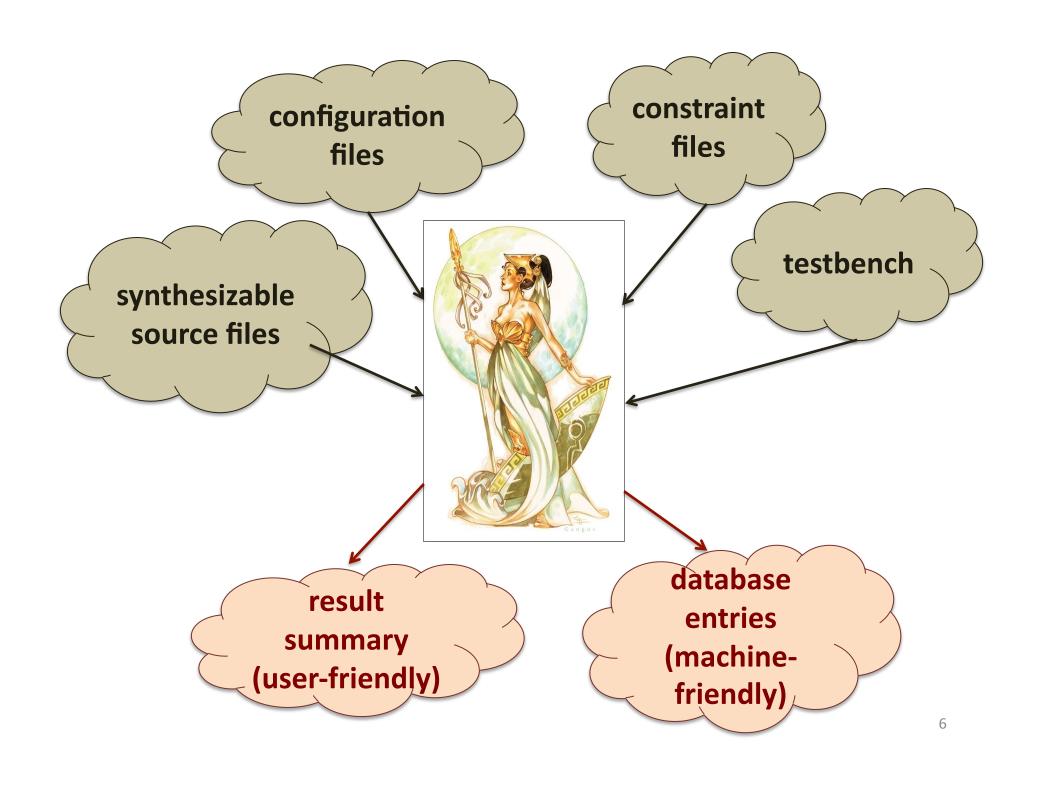


"The Greek goddess Athena was frequently called upon to settle disputes between the gods or various mortals.
Athena Goddess of Wisdom was known for her superb logic and intellect.
Her decisions were usually well-considered, highly ethical, and seldom motivated by self-interest."

from "Athena, Greek Goddess of Wisdom and Craftsmanship"

Basic Dataflow of ATHENa





ATHENa Major Features (1)

- synthesis, implementation, and timing analysis in batch mode
- support for devices and tools of **multiple FPGA vendors**:





generation of results for multiple families of FPGAs of a given vendor

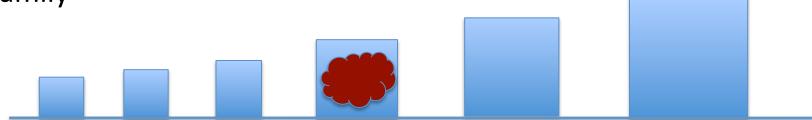








automated choice of a **best-matching device** within a given family



ATHENa Major Features (2)

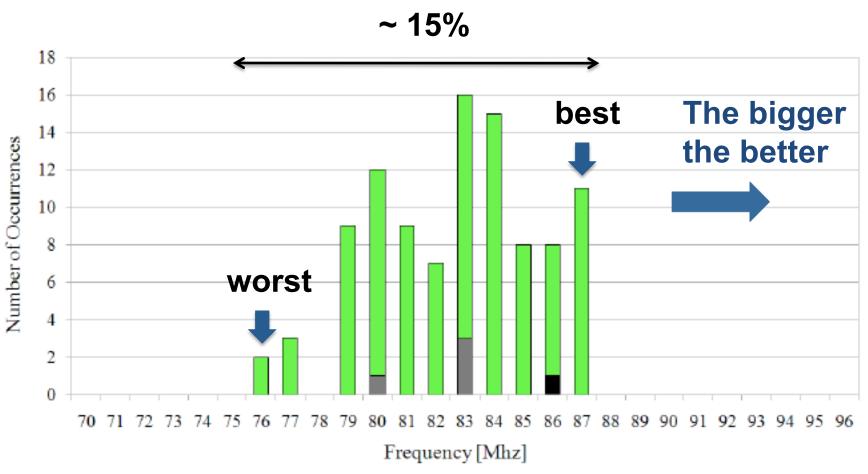
 automated verification of designs through simulation in batch mode



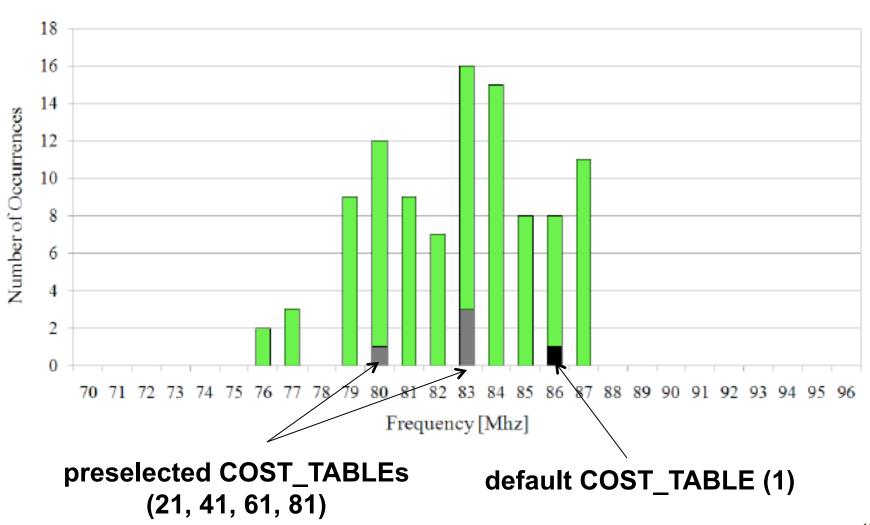
- support for multi-core processing
- several optimization strategies:
 - exhaustive search for optimum options of tools
 - placement search for the best starting point of placement
 - frequency search for the best requested clock frequency
 - more strategies under development

Multi-Pass Place-and-Route Analysis GMU SHA-256, Xilinx Spartan 3

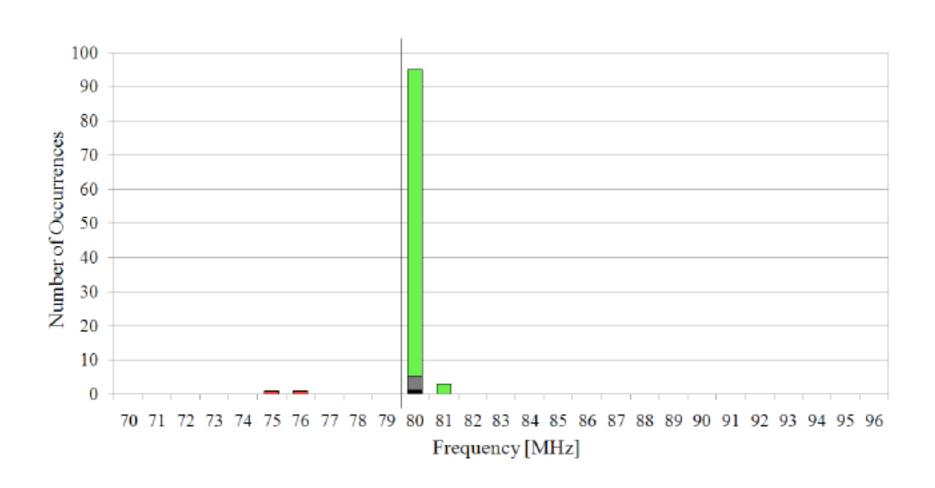
100 runs for different placement starting points



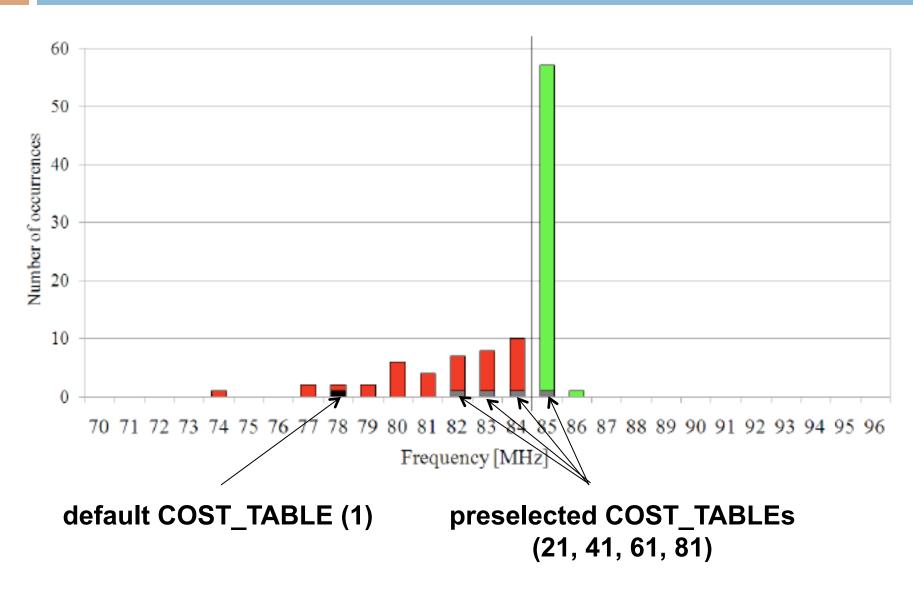
Results for default target clock frequency



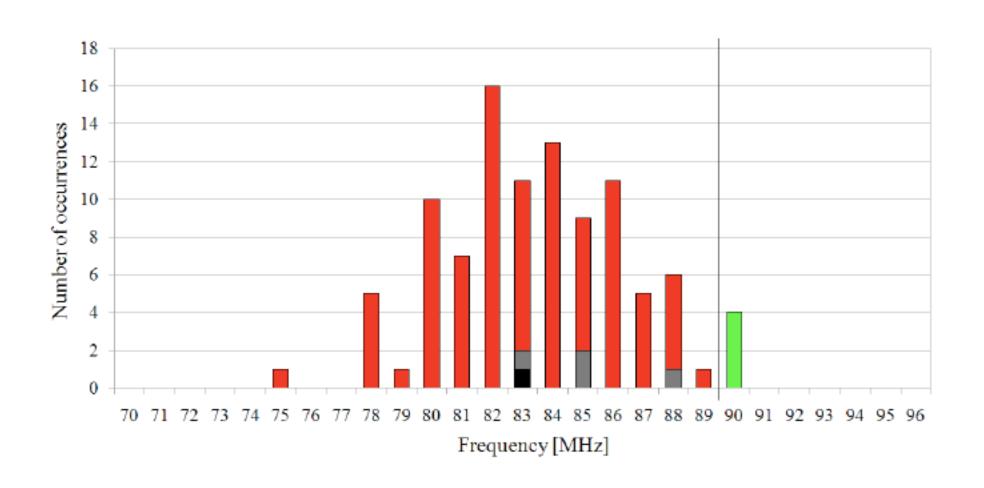
Results for target clock frequency = 80 MHz



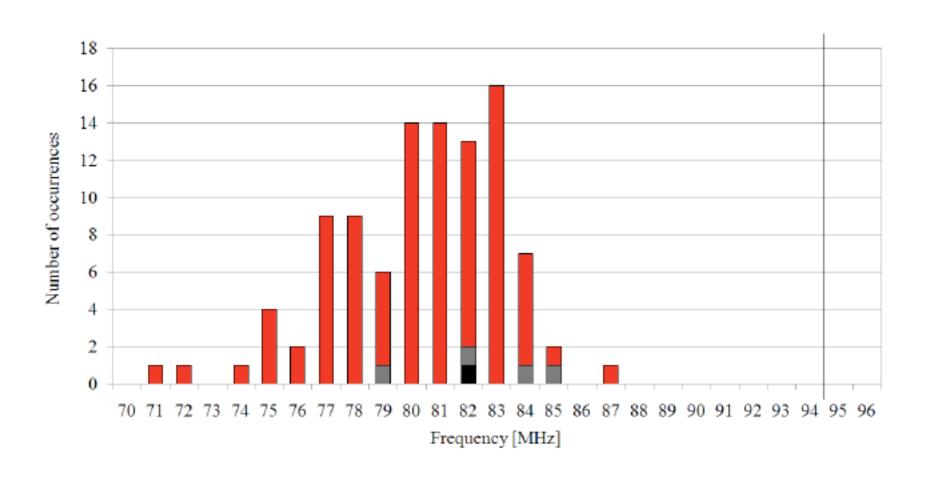
Results for target clock frequency = 85 MHz



Results for target clock frequency = 90 MHz



Results for target clock frequency = 95 MHz



Optimization Strategy Used for Xilinx Devices

- 1. Frequency search
 Search for the highest requested clock frequency that is met with a single run of tools.
- 2. Exhaustive search
 Search for the best combination of the following options
 - optimization target for synthesis: area, speed
 - optimization target for mapping: area, speed
 - optimization effort level for placing and routing: medium, high
- 3. Placement search
 Search for the best starting point for placement,
 using 4 additional values of the COST_TABLE {21, 41, 61, 81}.

Total number of runs = 15-20

Optimization Strategy Used for Altera Devices

1. Exhaustive search

Search for the best combination of the following options:

- Synthesis optimization: speed, area, balanced
- Optimization effort: auto, fast
- Implementation effort: standard, auto
- 2. Placement search

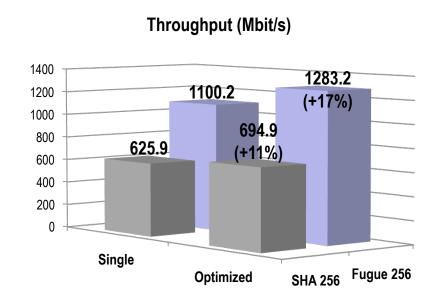
Search for the best starting point of placement, using 4 additional values of SEED {2001, 4001, 6001, 8001}.

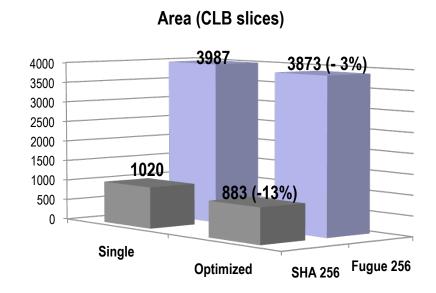
Total number of runs = 16

Goals

- 1. comparing multiple cryptographic **algorithms** competing in the contests for national and international standards, such as SHA-3 contest
- comparing multiple hardware architectures or implementations of the same cryptographic algorithm, such as a paper for CryptArchi or CHES
- 3. comparing various hardware **platforms** from the point of view of their suitability for the implementation of a given algorithm, such as a choice of an FPGA device or FPGA board for implementing a particular cryptographic system
- 4. comparing various **tools and languages** in terms of quality of results they generate (e.g. Synplicity Synplify Pro vs. Xilinx XST, Verilog vs. VHDL vs. AHDL), ISE v. 10.2 vs. ISE v. 9.1, etc.)

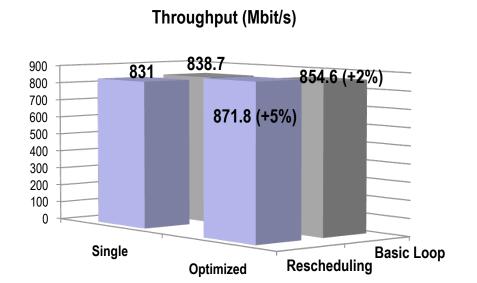
Algorithm Comparison: SHA-256 vs. Fugue on Xilinx Spartan 3

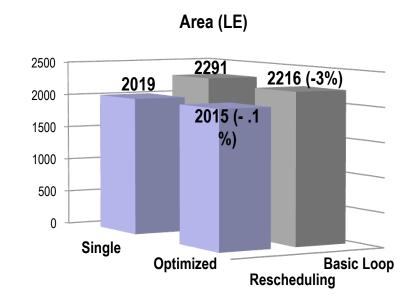




	SHA-256			Fugue-256			
	Single	Opt.	Ratio	Single	Opt.	Ratio	
Frequency [MHz]	79.46	88.22	1.11	34.38	40.10	1.17	
Area [CLB slices]	1020	883	0.87	3987	3873	0.97	
Throughput [Mbit/s]	625.9	694.9	1.11	1100.2	1283.2	1.17	
Throughput/Area	0.61	0.79	1.30	0.28	0.33	1.18	
Opt. Time [min]	2.15	42.30	18.89	5.16	105.23	20.08	

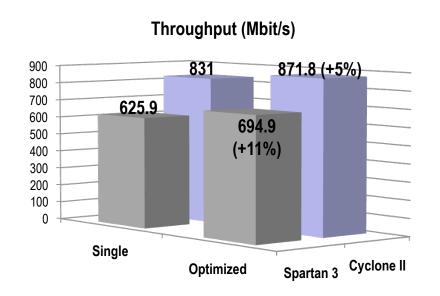
Architecture Comparison: SHA-256 Basic Loop vs. Rescheduling on Altera Cyclone II

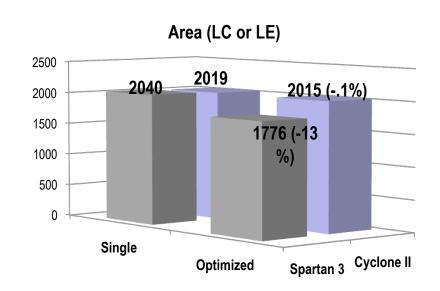




	Basic Loop			Rescheduling			
	Single	Opt.	Ratio	Single	Opt.	Ratio	
Frequency [MHz]	106.47	108.49	1.02	105.50	110.69	1.05	
Area [LE]	2291	2216	0.97	2019	2015	1.00	
Throughput [Mbit/s]	838.7	854.6	1.02	831.0	871.8	1.05	
Throughput/Area	0.366	0.386	1.05	0.412	0.433	1.05	
Opt. Time [min]	0.42	13.02	18.61	0.41	12.58	19.07	

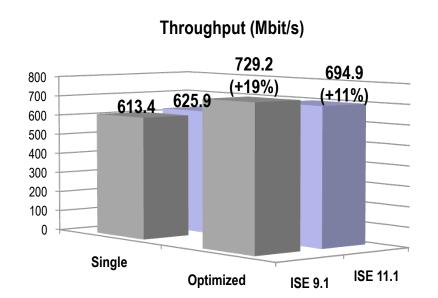
Platform Comparison: SHA-256 Xilinx Spartan 3 vs. Altera Cyclone II

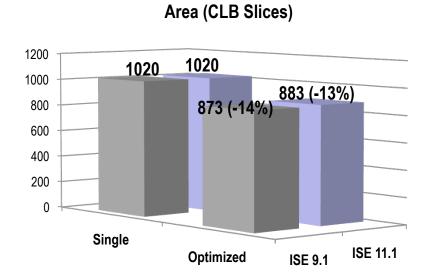




	Xilinx Spartan 3			Altera Cyclone II		
	Single	Opt.	Ratio	Single	Opt.	Ratio
Frequency [MHz]	79.46	88.22	1.11	105.50	110.64	1.05
Area [LC or LE]	2040	1776	0.87	2019	2015	1.00
Throughput [Mbit/s]	625.9	694.9	1.11	831.0	871.8	1.05
Throughput/Area	0.312	0.391	1.28	0.412	0.433	1.05
Opt. Time [min]	2.15	42.30	18.89	0.51	14.20	17.27

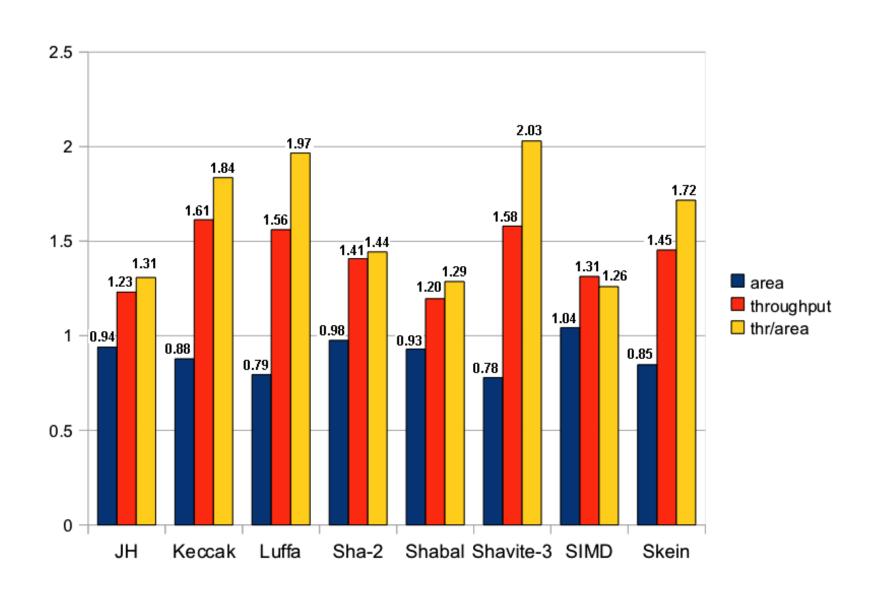
Tool Comparison: SHA-256 Rescheduling with ISE 9.1 vs. ISE 11.1



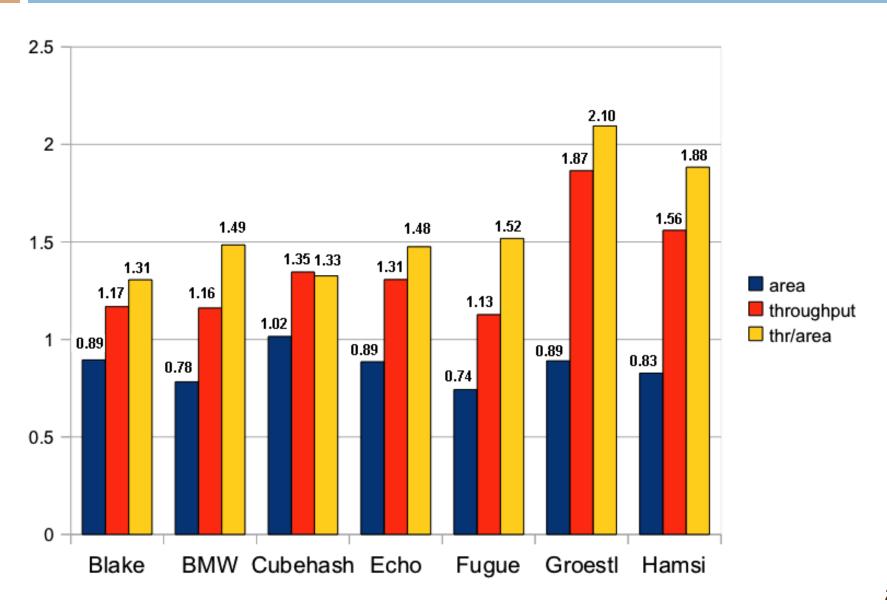


	Xilinx ISE v. 9.1			Xilinx ISE v. 11.1		
	Single	Opt.	Ratio	Single	Opt.	Ratio
Frequency [MHz]	77.87	92.58	1.19	79.46	88.22	1.11
Area [CLB Slices]	1020	873	1.17	1020	883	0.87
Throughput [Mbit/s]	613.4	729.2	1.19	625.9	694.9	1.11
Throughput/Area	0.601	0.835	1.39	0.614	0.787	1.28
Opt. Time [min]	2.17	42.20	18.24	2.15	42.30	18.89

Relative Improvement for SHA-3 Candidates (1)



Relative Improvement for SHA-3 Candidates (2)



Future Work

- Support for additional synthesis tools (e.g., Synplify Pro)
- Support for new devices (Spartan 6, Virtex 6, Cyclone IV, Stratix IV)
- Additional FPGA Vendors (Actel)
- More Efficient and Effective Heuristic Optimization Algorithms
- Support for Linux
- Graphical User Interface
- Application to Comparison and Optimization of Other Cryptographic
 Primitives (e.g., public key cryptosystems)
- Adapting ATHENa to Other Application Domains